COMPONENT	S:		ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS:		
 Methanamine, (methylamine); CH₅N; [74-89-5] Chlorinated methanes 			Gerrard, W. Solubility of Gases and Liquids, Plenum, 1976, Chapter 10.		
VARIABLES	3:		PREPARED BY:		
	Temperature, pressur	:e	C.L. Young		
EXPERIMEN	TAL VALUES:				
т/к	P/mmHg	P/10 ⁵ Pa	Mole fraction of methylamine in liquid, **CH3NH2		
	Trichloromethane (chloroform); CHCl ₃ ; [67-66-3]				
273.15 283.15	,	1.013 0.933 1.013	0.778 0.614 0.644		
	Tetrachloromethane	(carbon te	etrachloride); CCl4; [56-23-5]		
283.15	760	1.013	0.400		

AUXILIARY INFORMATION

METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:

Amine was passed into a known weight of pure liquid in a bubbler tube at a total pressure measured by a manometer assembly. The amount of absorbed gas was estimated by weighing. The temperature was manually controlled to within 0.2K.

The apparatus and procedure are described by Gerrard [1,2].

SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:

- 1. British Drug Houses or Cambrian Gases sample.
- 2. Purified and attested by conventional procedures.

ESTIMATED ERROR:

 $\delta T/K = \pm 0.1;$ $\delta x/x = \pm 3\%$ (estimated by compiler)

- Gerrard, W.
 Appl. Chem. Biotechnol. <u>1972</u>, 22 623-650.
- 2. Gerrard, W. Solubility of Gases and Liquids. Plenum Press, New York. 1976. Chapter 1.

COMPONENTS: ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS: Wolff, H.; Würtz, R. 1. Methanamine, (methylamine); $CH_5N; [74-89-5]$ Ber. Bunsenges. Phys. Chem. 1968, 72, 101-109. 2. Tetrachloromethane (carbon tetrachloride); CCl₄; [56-23-5] VARIABLES: PREPARED BY: Composition, temperature P. G. T. Fogg

EXPERIMENTAL VALUES:

Variation of total vapor pressure/Torr with variation of temperature and of mole fraction of CH_5N in the liquid phase, xCH_5N

m /12

		T/K	
x CH $_5$ N	253.15	273.15	293.15
0	10.0	33.0	90.5
0.0099	18.5	51.6	126.6
0.0250	30.6	79.4	181.2
0.0511	48.1	121.0	265.2
0.0783	69.0	160.9	341.4
0.1016	79.4	193.8	416.0
0.128	91.7	227.6	486.5
0.154	103.7	256.2	536.9
0.201	127.1	313.0	662.7
0.254	149.2	369.0	783.6
0.301	165.6	413.5	882.6
0.353	184.2	461.3	991.4
0.401	199.9	503.1	1078.6
0.454	217.8	547.9	1179.9
0.502	232.4	587.0	1268.6
0.553	248.2	625.9	1347.3
0.605	264.1	667.2	1452.3

Cont.

AUXILIARY INFORMATION

METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:

Apparatus described previously was used (1), (2). Liquid mixtures of accurately known composition were introduced into a cell held in a thermostat controlled to ± 0.02°C. The total vapor pressure was measured by a mercury manometer but contact between vapor and mercury was avoided by using a sensitive quartz spiral manometer as a null instrument with pressure of vapor balanced against that of carbon dioxide. Metal taps were used so as to avoid contact between vapor and tap grease.

The authors calculated activity coefficients of each component from the vapor pressure data by a method Constants described by Barker (3). for Redlich-Kister equations (4) were evaluated and reported. The compositions of the vapor phase were also calculated by the authors.

SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:

- 1. Prepared from commercial reinst methylammonium chloride; repeatedly fractionated until the first and last fractions had vapor pressures which differed by less than the limits of error of the pressure measurements (1).
- 2. Merck "Uvasol".

ESTIMATED ERROR:

 $\delta T/K = \pm 0.02$ (estimated by authors)

- 1. Wolff, H.; Höpfner, A. Z. Elektro-
- chem. 1962, 66, 149. 2. Wolff, H.; Höppel, H.-E. Ber. Bunsenges. Phys. Chem. <u>1966</u>,70, 874 3. Barker, J.A. Aust. J. Chem. <u>1953</u>,
- 6, 207.
- 4. Redlich, O.; Kister, A.T. Ind. Eng 1948. 21.345 Chem.

COMPONENTS:	ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS:
 Methanamine, (methylamine); CH₅N; [74-89-5] Tetrachloromethane (carbon tetrachloride); CCl₄; [56-23-5] 	Wolff, H.; Würtz, R. Ber. Bunsenges. Phys. Chem. 1968, 72, 101-109.
VARIABLES: Composition, temperature	PREPARED BY: P. G. T. Fogg

EXPERIMENTAL VALUES: Cont.

	T/K		
[∞] CH ₅ N	253.15	273.15	293.15
0.652	277.9	703.6	1533.6
0.700	292.6	743.2	1616.9
0.801	323.4	820.1	1795.0
0.900	357.0	903.9	1978.2
1	394.2	1001.8	2191.7

760 Torr = 1 atm = 1.013×10^5 Pa

Constants for calculation of activity coefficients from the Redlich-Kister equations given below

T/K	A	В	С
253.15	0.650	-0.085	0.051
263.15	0.630	-0.071	0.027
273.15	0.587	-0.051	0.023
283.15	0.563	-0.036	0.025
293.15	0.524	- 0.030	0.025

$$\ln f_1 = A x_2^2 - B x_2^2 (1 - 4 x_1) + C x_2^2 (1 - 8 x_1 + 12 x_1^2)$$

$$\ln f_2 = A x_1^2 + B x_1^2 (1 - 4 x_2) + C x_1^2 (1 - 8 x_2 + 12 x_2^2)$$

where f_1 = activity coefficient of methylamine

 f_2 = activity coefficient of carbon tetrachloride

 x_1 = mole fraction of methylamine in the liquid phase

 x_2 = mole fraction of carbon tetrachloride in the liquid phase

Methanamine Solubilities 131 ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS: COMPONENTS: Methanamine, (methylamine); Gerrard, W. $CH_5N; [74-89-5]$ Solubility of Gases, and Liquids, 2. Bromobenzene; C6H5Br; Plenum, 1976, Chapter 10. [108-86-1] VARIABLES: PREPARED BY: C. L. Young Pressure . EXPERIMENTAL VALUES: Mole fraction of methylamine in liquia, P/10 Pa T/K P/mmHg xCH NH2 283.15 100 0.133 0.055 0.267 200 0.105 300 0.400 0.158 400 0.533 0.212 500 0.270 0.667 600 0.800 0.333 0.933 700 0.404 760 1.013 0.454

AUXILIARY INFORMATION

METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:

Amine was passed into a known weight of pure liquid in a bubbler tube at a total pressure measured by a manometer assembly. The amount of abosrbed gas was estimated by weighing. The temperature was manually controlled to within 0.2K.

The apparatus and procedure are described by Gerrard [1,2].

SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:

- 1. British Drug Houses or Cambrian Gases sample.
- 2. Purified and attested by conventional procedures.

ESTIMATED ERROR:

 $\delta T/K = \pm 0.1; \quad \delta x/x = \pm 3$ %

(estimated by compiler)

- 1. Gerrard, W. J. Appl. Chem. Biotechnol. 1972, 22 623-650.
- 2. Gerrard, W. Solubility of Gases and Liquids. Plenum Press, New York. 1976. Chapter 1.

COMPONENTS: 1. Methanamine (Methylamine); CH₅N; Gerrard, W. [74-89-5] 2. 1-Bromo-3-methylbenzene (m-bromotoluene); C₇H₇Br; [95-46-5] VARIABLES: Pressure ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS: Solubility of Gases and Liquids, Plenum 1976, Chapter 10. PREPARED BY: C. L. Young

EXPERIMENTAL VALUES:

T/K	P/mmHg	<i>P/</i> 10 ⁵ Pa	Mole fraction of methylamine in liquid, ${}^x\mathrm{CH}_3\mathrm{NH}_2$
283.15	100	0.133	0.044
	200	0.267	0.089
	300	0.400	0.136
	400	0.533	0.185
	500	0.667	0.235
	600	0.800	0.288
	700	0.933	0.350
	760	1.013	0.395

AUXILIARY INFORMATION

METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:

Amine was passed into a known weight of pure liquid in a bubbler tube at a total pressure measured by a manometer assembly. The amount of absorbed gas was estimated by weighing. The temperature was manually controlled to within 0.2K.

The apparatus and procedure are described by Gerrard [1,2].

SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:

- 1. British Drug Houses or Cambrian Gases sample.
- 2. Purified and attested by conventional procedures.

ESTIMATED ERROR:

 $\delta T/K = \pm 0.1;$ $\delta x/x = \pm 3\%$ (estimated by compiler)

REFERENCES:

- 1. Gerrard, W.
- J. Appl. Chem. Biotechnol. 1972, 22 623-650
- 2. Gerrard, W.

Solubility of Gases and Liquids, Plenum Press, New York. 1976. Chapter 1.

COMPONENTS:	ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS:
 Methanamine (methylamine); CH₅N; [74-89-5] 1-Bromonaphthalene; C₁₀H₇Br; [90-11-9] 	Gerrard, W. Solubility of Gases and Liquids, Plenum, 1976, Chapter 10.
VARIABLES: Pressure	PREPARED BY: C. L. Young

EXPE	RIMENT	AT. VAT	HES:

T/K	P/mmHg	P/10 ⁵ Pa	Mole fraction of methylamine in liquid, **CH3NH2
283.15	100	0.133	0.048
283.15	200	0.267	0.095
	300	0.400	0.144
	400	0.533	0.191
	500	0.667	0.242
	600	0.800	0.295
	700	0,933	0.356
	760	1.013	0.397

AUXILIARY INFORMATION

METHOD APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:

Amine was passed into a known weight of pure liquid in a bubbler tube at a total pressure measured by a manometer assembly. The amount of absorbed gas was estimated by weighing. The temperature was manually controlled to within 0.2K. The apparatus and procedure are described by Gerrard (1,2).

SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:

- 1. British Drug Houses or Cambrian Gases sample.
- Purified and attested by conventional procedures.

ESTIMATED ERROR:

 $\delta T/K = \pm 0.1;$ $\delta x/x = \pm 3\%$ (estimated by compiler).

- Gerrard, W.
 J. Appl. Chem. Biotechnol.
 1972, 22, 623-650.
- Gerrard, W.
 Solubility of Gases and Liquids,
 Plenum Press, New York. <u>1976</u>,
 Chapter 1.

134 Methanamine Solubilities COMPONENTS: ORIGINAL MEASUREMENTS: 1. Methanamine (Methylamine); CH₅N; Gerrard, W. [74 - 89 - 5]Solubility of Gases and Liquids, 2. 2,2,2-Trichloroethanol, (1,1,1-trichloro-2-hydroxy-Plenum 1976, Chapter 10. ethane); C₂H₃Cl₃O; [115-20-8] VARIABLES: PREPARED BY: C. L. Young Temperature, pressure EXPERIMENTAL VALUES: Mole fraction of methylamine in liquid, $P/10^5$ Pa T/K P/mmHg xCH3NH2 0.524 273.15 100 0.133 0.581 0.267 200 0.628 300 0.400 0.676 400 0.533 0.667 0.722 500 600 0.800 0.766 0.815 0.933 700 1.013 0.848 760 0.760 0.933 278.15 700 0.781 760 1.013 0.494 283.15 100 0.133 0.552 200 0.267 300 0.400 0.588 0.533 0.624 400 0.655 500 0.667 0.683 600 0.800 0.710 0.933 700 1.013 0.723 760 0.464 0.133 293.15 100 200 0.267 0.515 0.548 300 0.400 0.576 400 0.533 0.600 500 0.667 0.622 600 0.800 0.642 700 0.933 0.653 1.013 760

AUXILIARY INFORMATION

METHOD/APPARATUS/PROCEDURE:

Amine was passed into a known weight of pure liquid in a bubbler tube at a total pressure measured by a manometer assembly. The amount of abosrbed gas was estimated by weighing. The temperature was manually controlled to within 0.2K.

The apparatus and procedure are described by Gerrard [1,2].

SOURCE AND PURITY OF MATERIALS:

- 1. British Drug Houses or Cambrian Gases sample.
- 2. Purified and attested by conventional procedures.

ESTIMATED ERROR:

 $\delta T/K = \frac{+}{0.1}; \quad \delta x/x = \frac{+}{3}$ (estimated by compiler)

- Gerrard, W.
 Appl. Chem. Biotechnol. 1972, 22 623-650.
- Gerrard, W. Solubility of Gases and Liquids. Plenum Press, New York. 1976. Chapter 1.